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At a Special Term of the New York State Supreme Court, Niagara County, at the Angelo Delsignore Courthouse at 775 Third Street, Niagara Falls, New York 14302, on the 2nd day of March, 2022.

ORDER

Index No.

E176242/2021

PRESENT: HON. FRANK A. SEDITA, III, J.S.C. Justice Presiding

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NIAGARA

In the Matter of the Application of the SIERRA CLUB, DARLENE BULLSOVER, SYLVIU DAN, JR., and DEBORAH GONDEK.

Petitioners,

For a judgment Pursuant to Article 78 of the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules

VS.

CITY OF NORTH TONAWANDA; CITY OF NORTH TONAWANDA PLANNING BOARD; FORTISTAR NORTH TONAWANDA LLC; and DIGIHOST INTERNATIONAL, INC.,

Respondents.

Petitioners Sierra Club, Darlene Bullsover, Sylviu Dan, Jr., and Deborah Gondek ("Petitioners") having commenced this proceeding pursuant to CPLR Article 78 ("Article 78 Petition"), and having moved for a preliminary injunction ("PI Motion"); and

Respondents the City of North Tonawanda and the City of North

Tonawanda Planning Board (together, the "City") having opposed the Article 78 Petition

and the PI Motion, and the City having moved to dismiss the Article 78 Petition; and

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Respondents Fortistar North Tonawanda LLC ("FNT") and Digihost International, Inc. ("Digihost") having opposed the Article 78 Petition and the PI Motion, and FNT and Digihost having moved to dismiss the Article 78 Petition; and

Petitioners having opposed the City's motion to dismiss; and
Petitioners having opposed FNT and Digihost's motion to dismiss;

NOW, upon reading and filing Petitioners' Notice of Petition, dated November 1, 2021, Petitioners' Amended Notice of Petition, dated November 11, 2021, and Petitioners' Amended Verified Petition, dated November 3, 2021, filed in support of the Article 78 Petition; and Petitioners' Notice of Motion, dated December 1, 2021, and the affirmation of Richard Lippes, Esq., dated December 1, 2021, filed in support of the PI Motion; and the City's Notice of Motion, dated January 4, 2022, and the affirmation of Nicholas B. Robinson, Esq., dated January 4, 2022, with exhibits, filed in support of the City's motion to dismiss and in opposition to the PI Motion; and FNT and Digihost's Notice of Motion, dated January 5, 2022, the affidavit of William V. Rossi, Esq., sworn to January 5, 2022, with exhibits, the affidavit of Alec Amar, sworn to January 5, 2022, and the affidavit of Thomas Gesicki, sworn to January 5, 2022, filed in support of FNT and Digihost's motion to dismiss and in opposition to the PI Motion; and

After hearing Lippes & Lippes (Richard Lippes, Esq., of counsel), attorneys for Petitioners, Phillips Lytle, LLP (William V. Rossi, Esq., of counsel), attorneys for FNT and Digihost, and the Department of the City Attorney for the City of North Tonawanda (Nicholas B. Robinson, Esq., of counsel), attorneys for the City; and after due deliberation thereon and for the reasons stated in the decision of the Court made on the record of

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proceedings held March 2, 2022, a complete transcript of which is attached as Exhibit A and incorporated as a part of this Order as though fully set forth herein, it is hereby

ORDERED that Petitioners' motion for a preliminary injunction is DENIED; and it is further

ORDERED that FNT, Digihost, and the City's respective motions to dismiss are GRANTED, and it is further

ORDERED that the Article 78 Petition is DISMISSED, with prejudice.

Signed and entered this 17 day of 2022, at Niagara Falls, New

York.

HON. FRANK A SEDITA, III, J.S.C

ENTER:

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Exhibit A

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STATE OF NEW	YORK				
SUPREME COURT	F - PART II : COUNTY OF NIAGARA				
	of the Application of the DARLENE BULLSOVER; SYLVIU DAN, JR.;				
and DEBORAH GONDEK, Petitioners,					
_	nt Pursuant to Article 78 of the				
-against	Index No. E176242/2 Motions				
CITY OF NORTH	TONAWANDA; TONAWANDA PLANNING BOARD;				
FORTISTAR NOF	RTH TONAWANDA LLC;				
	INTERNATIONAL INC., spondents.				
	775 Third Street				
	Niagara Falls, New York March 2, 2022				
Before:					
	HONORABLE FRANK A. SEDITA, III Supreme Court Justice				
Appeara	nces:				
	LIPPES & LIPPES,				
	By: RICHARD LIPPES, ESQ., 1109 Delaware Avenue,				
	Buffalo, New York 14209, Appearing via Microsoft Teams				
	for the Petitioners.				
	NICHOLAS B. ROBINSON, ESQ.,				
	North Tonawanda Assistant City Attorney, 216 Payne Avenue,				
	North Tonawanda, New York 14120, Appearing via Microsoft Teams				
	for the Respondents, City of North Tonawanda and City of North Tonawanda Planning Board.				

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1 Appearances: (Continued) 2 PHILLIPS LYTLE LLP, By: WILLIAM V. ROSSI, ESQ. 3 and DAVID FLYNN, ESQ., One Canalside, 4 125 Main Street, Buffalo, New York 14203, 5 Appearing for the Respondents, Fortistar North Tonawanda LLC 6 and Digihost International, Inc. 7 JOSEPH NICHOLAS WILLIAMS, II, ESQ., 1001 Delavan Avenue, 8 Buffalo, New York 14215, Appearing via Microsoft Teams as In-House 9 Counsel for Digihost International, Inc. 10 AMY E. COGHLAN 11 Senior Court Reporter 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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THE COURT: The next matter is In the Matter of the Application of the Sierra Club; Darlene Bullsover; Sylviu Dan, Jr.; and Deborah Gondek, as Petitioners, For Judgment Pursuant to Article 78 of the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules vs. City of North Tonawanda; City of North Tonawanda Planning Board; Fortistar North Tonawanda, LLC; and Digihost International, Inc. as the Respondents, Index Number E176242/2021. Counsel, would you note your appearances for the record, please? MR. ROSSI: Good morning, your Honor. Will Rossi from Phillips Lytle on behalf of the Respond --THE COURT: We start with the Plaintiffs first. Who's here on behalf of the Plaintiffs?

MR. LIPPES: Yes, Richard Lippes on behalf of Petitioners.

THE COURT: Or the Petitioners. Okay. We have a new person that's virtual. You are again, sir?

MR. ROBINSON: Nicholas Robinson here on behalf of the City of North Tonawanda.

THE COURT: Hold on. Let me start with who's in the courtroom now. Who's in the courtroom?

MR. ROSSI: Good morning, your Honor. Will Rossi from Phillips Lytle on behalf of the Respondents, Fortistar North Tonawanda LLC and Digihost International Inc.

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1			THE	COURT:	Who is that sitting next to you?
2			MR.	ROSSI:	Also with me is Dave Flynn, also
3		with	Phillips	Lytle.	
4			THE	COURT:	Spell your last name. Spell
5			MR.	ROSSI:	R-O-S-S-I.
6			THE	COURT:	I didn't get it was Flynn?
7			MR.	ROSSI:	I'm sorry. Dave Flynn, F-L-Y-N-N.
8			THE	COURT:	That's easy enough. All right. Who
9		else	is here?	Mr. Bro	own, do you want to announce your
10		appea	arance?		
11			MR.	ROBINSO	N: Judge, it's Nicholas Robinson,
12		City	of North	Tonawan	da Planning Board and the City of
13		North	n Tonawano	da.	
14			THE	COURT:	Okay. Who else is here?
15			MR.	WILLIAM	S: Good morning, your Honor.
16		Nich	olas Will:	iams, in	-house counsel for Digihost.
17			THE	COURT:	Is there some kind of all right.
18		Coup	le of t	the stand	dard operating procedure. There's a
19		coup	le of warr	nings.	First, there is a record function on
20		the 5	reams plat	tform. N	We're having a mixed appearance
21		toda	y. Some	lawyers	are appearing on Teams, some are
22		appea	aring in p	person.	Same rules apply. You couldn't take
23		out y	your cell	phone an	nd record these proceedings either by
24		audio	o or visua	al means	and you cannot do so on the Teams
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platform either, even though there is a convenient little

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feature for you to do so. If you do so, if you record these proceedings by either audio means or visual means, you'll be in contempt the of court and I will abide by the penalties attendant thereto, so don't do it. Plus, everything said here today is being stenographically recorded by a professional court reporter. Don't worry. She's gonna get every word down. Secondly, if you are not speaking -- this particularly applies to those on Teams -- please mute. It just -- technology just works a lot better that way. I don't know why, but it does.

My process is to make a record, do a factual summary, frame the relevant issues, and then invite the parties to make oral argument. You don't need to repeat what's in your moving papers in your oral arguments. I'll demonstrate to you that I understand what's in your papers and hopefully I understand the case. So, I expect to hear from Plaintiffs' counsel Mr. Lippes, Mr. Robinson and Mr. Rossi or Mr. Flynn. That's who I expect to hear from today. Any arguments you want to make, please make them within ten minutes. Okay? That's your cap. With that being said, I'll make the requisite record.

Before the Court is Petitioners' Article 78

Petition seeking to void the City of North Tonawanda's site plan approval of Respondent Digihost's bitcoin mining facility, as well as Petitioners' motion for a preliminary

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injunction to halt operation of the bitcoin mining facility. We also have the Respondent City of North Tonawanda's motion to dismiss and Respondents Fortistar and Digihost's motions to dismiss.

By way of background -- we'll go through the parties. By way of background, the Petitioner Sierra Club describes itself as a national grassroots not-for-profit conservation corporation formed in 1892 in California.

The Sierra Club purportedly has 540,000 members nationwide, including 54,000 in the State of New York, including, and I quote from the papers, "members in Niagara County and North Tonawanda who will be adversely affected by the bitcoin data mining operation." That's in Paragraph 2 of the Petition.

It is alleged in Paragraph 3 of the Petition that Darlene Bullsover owns her home at 633 Walck Road in North Tonawanda and that it is "nearby the site of the proposed mining facility" and that she "is concerned about the increased air pollution, noise pollution, greenhouse gas omissions and increased traffic that will impact her quality of life and conservation interest."

It is alleged in Paragraph 4 of the Petition that Sylviu Dan, Jr. owns and resides at 516 Meadow Drive in North Tonawanda and that it is, I quote again from the Petition, Paragraph 4, "across the street from the

interest."

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proposed bitcoin mining facility" and that he "is concerned about the increased air pollution, noise pollution, greenhouse gas omissions and increased traffic that will impact their quality of life and conservation

It is alleged in Paragraph 4 of the Petition that Deborah Gondek owns and resides -- owns a house and resides at 257 Brantwood Drive, North Tonawanda and it is "nearby the site of the proposed bitcoin mining facility" and that she "is concerned about the increased air pollution, noise pollution, greenhouse gas omissions and increased traffic that will impact her quality of life and conservation interest."

Respondent Fortistar North Tonawanda LLC is located at 1070 Erie Avenue in North Tonawanda. It is the site of an energy generating plant whose energy will be utilized to power the proposed bitcoin mining facility. Fortistar sold property to Digihost to construct and operate the bitcoin mining facility.

Respondent Digihost International Inc. is the bitcoin mining facility developer.

Respondent City of North Tonawanda, which is obviously a municipality, and the City of North Tonawanda Planning Board, which I assume is a municipal agency, approved the site plan for the bitcoin mining facility.

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The following chronology is of relevance and we need to go through it:

On June 30th, 2021, Digihost filed the application for site plan review for the proposed bitcoin mining facility at the Fortistar energy plant site.

On July 12th of 2021, the North Tonawanda City Planning Board referred the application to the Niagara County Planning Board for comment and opinion.

On July 19th, 2021, Digihost's application was discussed at the County Planning Board meeting. The County Planning Board voiced their approval with two conditions attached; namely, confirmation that the project would be in compliance with the zoning regulations and review by the Fire Department for safety.

On August 2nd, 2011, the North Tonawanda City
Planning Board declared itself as lead agency pursuant to
what is known as SEQRA -- that is an acronym for the State
Environmental Quality Review Act -- and issued a notice
for submission of public commentary.

On August 12th, 2021, Digihost prepared and submitted an Environmental Assessment Form, also known as an EAF form.

On September 2nd of 2021, the North Tonawanda
City Engineer prepared a report of all public comments and
recommended a negative SEQRA declaration. That means the

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1 project could go forward.

On September 8th of 2021, the North Tonawanda City Planning Board reviewed the SEQRA record, issued a negative declaration, and approved of the site plan. The site plan approval was filed with the Clerk the following day, that being September 9th of 2021.

On November 1st of 2021, Petitioners filed their first Article 78 Petition. The Petition is signed by Petitioners' counsel, Mr. Lippes.

On November 3rd of 2021, Petitioners filed an Amended Petition that was again signed by counsel, Plaintiffs' counsel, but now contained the verification as well.

On December 1st of 2021, Petitioners filed a

Notice of Motion for Injunction supported by an Attorney's

Affidavit and certification by counsel and the following

documents: July 12th, 2021 meeting transcript;

Environmental Assessment Form; Public Notice; Fire

Department letter; City Engineer letter; September 8th,

2021 meeting minutes transcript; and the City of North

Tonawanda Clerk Affidavit.

Other filings made by the Petitioners include a Memorandum in Reply to Respondents' motion to dismiss on February 11th, 2022, which included a purported Expert Affidavit of Maureen Harding. Petitioners also submit a

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Sur-Reply Affidavit offered by counsel on February 22nd of 2022. I think there's 40, 45 documents filed so far on NYSCEF, the electronic filing system.

Most notably, however, Petitioners have never filed nor have they submitted any affidavits or verifications from any of the individually named Petitioners that I put on the record themselves, or from any identified members of the Sierra Club, which takes us to the motions that are before the Court.

In support of their requested relief, which included injunctive or includes injunctive relief, the Petitioners principally contend that the bitcoin facility's "massive" use of energy will result in significant amounts of carbon based pollutants being released into the atmosphere and that the -- again, I quote from the Petitioners' papers -- "huge" fans being used to cool the computer banks cause significant noise, really cause what could be -- they characterize as noise pollution.

As previously noted, Respondents City of North
Tonawanda, Digihost and Fortistar all move to dismiss the
Petitions as well as the Petitioners' request for
injunctive relief. Respondents premise their motions to
dismiss mainly upon -- they do it both upon procedural and
substantive grounds, but I'm going to focus on the

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procedural arguments. There are two procedural arguments in favor of the Defendants', plural, motion to dismiss.

Respondents first contend that Petitioners lack standing to bring the instant action. Specifically, Respondents contend that because the Petitioners failed to identify a member of the Sierra Club who will suffer an injury, the Sierra Club lacks standing to bring this action. Similarly, Respondents contend that the individually named Petitioners make vague assertions of living nearby to the proposed bitcoin mining site and fail to allege any individual harm. Petitioners do not address the lack of standing arguments raised by the Respondents in the Petitioners' papers.

Respondents also contend that this action is untimely filed and thus the Petition must be dismissed as a matter of law. This additional procedural basis for dismissal is premised upon New York statutes, specifically, General City Law sections 38 and 27-a, which impose a 30 day statute of limitations to challenge the decision of a city planning board. In opposition to the statute of limitations argument -- there is some opposition argument here -- Petitioners acknowledge that General City Law 38 and 27-a requires a 30 day statute of limitations but suggests that the four month statute of limitations for special proceedings as provided in

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1 C.P.L.R. 217 should be applied instead.

Mr. Lippes, it's your motion, sir. You're the first in line so to speak cause you filed the Petition and the request for injunctive relief, so you get to go first. Please try to keep it at ten minutes, Mr. Lippes. Please go ahead. Mr. Lippes, you have to unmute, sir.

MR. LIPPES: Yes.

THE COURT: There we go. Thank you.

MR. LIPPES: Okay. I will start with the procedural issues as well, your Honor, and first point out the rules dealing with the motion to dismiss, which I'm sure the Court is very much aware. Briefly, the determination of whether the motion to dismiss should be granted is decided from the four corners of the Petition, that the Petitioners should be given every potential inference, and that the allegations in the Petition should be deemed to be true. Saying that, I will start with -- very quickly with some of those we did mention.

The claim the Petition wasn't verified. As you know, your Honor, the C.P.L.R. allows verification without court approval within 20 days of filing the Petition or 20 days after an Answer is received. And we filed -- we filed the Amended Petition within those periods of time.

The next is the claim that we failed to exhaust administrative remedies because the zoning issues that we

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allege can only be determined whether or not -- whether or not the bitcoin mining facility as it exists for use can only be determined by the Zoning Board of Appeals and we didn't go to the Zoning Board of Appeals. In fact, neither did the City or the Building Commissioner. The Petitioners would not have standing to go to the Zoning Board of Appeals. Only the applicants that would be aggrieved by a decision that they didn't like or the Building Commissioner can go to the Zoning Board of Appeals and, therefore, Petitioners could not fail to exhaust administrative remedies.

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The next issue was the one raised first in the City of Niagara Falls papers concerning mootness. That issue is really decided by the Dreikausen decision, which we cited, and -- and the --

THE COURT: The appellate case you were talking about, why don't you go ahead, repeat that.

MR. LIPPES: Yes. The Dreikausen case is the landmark decision and the Dreikausen case says when considering mootness, the most important issue is whether a preliminary injunction motion was brought and of course it was brought in this case. And at the time that it was brought, there was little or no construction that had been carried out and, therefore, any construction that took place thereafter by the applicants was at their own risk

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cause they knew of the preliminary injunction motion. And that is affirmed by the case that we cited, 101 Company, LLC. So there are also sections of the Dreikausen points out, including if there are important environmental issues that are raised, so we do not believe that there is a problem with mootness.

Now, as to standing, your Honor, the test of standing is whether or not Petitioners --

THE COURT: Mr. Lippes, really, every appearance with you, sir, we go through this. Please, please go back a little bit and go through what you were going through again. The reporter needs to be able to hear what you're saying. Go ahead, sir.

MR. LIPPES: Of course. And I don't know why my speakers aren't picking this up appropriately.

THE COURT: I've asked you before, Mr. Lippes, to fix the problem, but the problem still exists. Go ahead.

MR. LIPPES: Okay. So we're dealing with standing now and the landmark decision with standing is the society --

THE COURT: Mr. Lippes, the court reporter could not hear you.

MR. LIPPES: Okay. Let's try again. The -- we're dealing with standing and the zone of interests of

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Society of Plastics. Can you hear me now?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. LIPPES: Okay. Good. The Society of Plastics case issued -- I'm sorry.

THE COURT: No. Your image is being partially blocked out, sir. I don't know why. Go ahead.

MR. LIPPES: Yeah. I don't know why either. That's never happened.

THE COURT: It would be easier if you were here in person, but we'll deal with what we have to deal with. Go ahead.

MR. LIPPES: Yes. The zone of interests test requires that a person attempting to sustain standing brings an action within the zone of interests of a legislation that they're seeking to challenge or oppose, which is rarely a problem in environmental cases like this. And the second issue that we must show is that they've been injured in a manner different than the public at large. Since Society of Plastics, the injured different than the public at large issue has produced a number of conflicting cases, but the Court of Appeals in the most recent case, Sierra Club v. Painted Post, which is one of my cases, indicated that the number of people involved does not defeat standing. The number of people who claim the same injuries do not defeat standing. And

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second of all, that the allegations to support standing do not have to be unique between the various Petitioners.

In the instant case, the Petitioners have alleged, first of all, proximity to the Digihost site.

Now they don't claim that they live adjacent to the site, but rather nearby, and the Respondents indicate that none of them live closer than 1,000 feet. We do dispute that, but there's nothing in the record to support that dispute.

THE COURT: Mr. Lippes, I hate to interrupt you, sir, but you are at your ten minute limit. So if you could try to wrap it all up, I would appreciate that.

MR. LIPPES: Okay. So we believe that the -even without affidavits, which are not required in a
Verified Petition because the allegations in the Verified
Petition are considered evidentiary, and as we said
before, must be considered true, and the individual
Petitioners have alleged traditional environmental
concerns that included noise, et cetera, and that is a
major issue because of the noise from the fans.

There are other procedural issues and four merits issues that we have not dealt with yet, including whether or not this matter was filed in a timely manner. And we proceeded pursuant to the C.P.L.R. four month statute. The cases are split on that issue, but even though the Court determines that there's a 30 day statute,

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that would not apply to our 239-m claim, since that is jurisdictional and can be brought at any time. And the zoning issues, because if the planning board approves something in violation of zoning, it is ultra vires, and that can only be brought beyond the 30 day period.

So those are all the procedural issues. I haven't gone into the merits issues, unless the Court wishes me to.

THE COURT: You do not have to, sir. Thank you, Mr. Lippes. Who's going first, Mr. Robinson or Mr. Rossi? I guess you are, Mr. Rossi.

MR. ROSSI: Your Honor, I'd be glad to go first. Your Honor, you framed the issues for us and I will distill my points down to the procedural points, as you have instructed me to.

Focusing in particular on the statute of limitations, there is a 30 day statute of limitations here, and we've cited the authorities that you have already pointed out. Now, Mr. Lippes just argued that there is a four month statute of limitations here under the general statute of C.P.L.R. 217. That statute also says unless there is a specific statute authorizing the proceeding that provides for a shorter statute of limitations, and as your Honor already pointed out, General City Law sections 38 and General City Law section

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27-a do in fact provide for a 30 day statute of limitations. And in the Petitioners' reply papers, they admit on page three of their reply this proceeding was not commenced within 30 days, so that point has not been disputed. In their words, if the 30 day statute of limitations, applies, they didn't meet the deadline. And we know that it does apply because of the plain language of 27-a, which I'll focus on simply because I believe it is the clearer of the two statutes.

There is no doubt that we're dealing with a site plan approval here. As you pointed out in the procedural history, the relief that the Petitioners seek here is to void the site plan approval issued by the City of North Tonawanda Planning Board. Section 27-a is entitled site plan approval. That is the statute that authorizes the proceeding under Article 78 to challenge a decision to approve a site plan. That's what we have here. Under subsection 11, it says that proceeding, if you choose to bring it, shall be commenced within 30 days. There's no doubt it wasn't brought within 30 days, your Honor. And with respect to that issue, that is dispositive for all the causes of action.

The only other point I would mention about the statute of limitations is that the Petitioners have argued in their Sur-Reply that because they have an allegation

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under General Municipal Law 239-m, that that somehow gets around the statute of limitations automatically. That's simply not the case, your Honor. And we pointed this out with a very recent Fourth Department decision, Coalition for Cobbs Hill, which held simply because there is another submission to the county, doesn't mean you have to redo the submission to the county. That's the explicit holding of that Fourth Department case from May 7th, 2021. And the only thing that they've said in response to in their Sur-Reply is that we made the allegation so we don't have to comply with the statute of limitations. They don't cite any case law to support that statement and it simply is not so. The Fourth Department case I just referenced says precisely the opposite, your Honor.

The final point that I'll make, Judge, is with respect to standing. Mr. Lippes has acknowledged that there is nothing in the record to support the Petitioners' allegations. The only thing that they have said is that the Court should simply assume that they have standing based on their proximity to the site. But again, as he acknowledged a moment ago, there is nothing in the record to substantiate where it is that these Petitioners live or, more importantly, what their specific injury is going to be resulting from this power plant operating. The power plant which has been in operation for 30 years I

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1 would add, with a full permit from the DEC.

Now, the final thing that I would point out,

Judge, is Mr. Lippes mentioned a case that was one of his
cases and that that was supportive of the exception
allowing mere proximity to support standing. I would
point out to a more recent case that the Sierra Club was
also the Petitioner in in the Second Department in 2021
which we cite in our reply papers, was Sierra Club v. Town
of North Castle, where the Appellate Division highlighted
this exact issue, and said you have alleged that you have
standing here because you have a general interest in this
proceeding, but that's unsubstantiated, and for that as a
separate dispositive reason you do not have standing
because there was no affidavit in the record before that
court.

With that, your Honor, unless you have any questions, I will rest on my papers.

THE COURT: Nope. Thank you, Mr. Rossi.

MR. ROSSI: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Robinson?

MR. ROBINSON: Good afternoon, your Honor. I will be brief here because I will not repeat Mr. Rossi's argument, which I agree with. I will not be repeating anything from my papers, your Honor.

I would like the Court just to notice several

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things since the papers were submitted that's just factual items, your Honor.

Number one, the Building Department since this time has issued a final Certificate of Occupancy for this project. Number two, all the permits needed have been taken out and satisfied according to the North Tonawanda Building Department.

The final thing, Judge, that I would just like to bring your attention to, is that the Petitioner brings an Expert Witness Affidavit before the Court. That expert witness is actually a member of the North Tonawanda Planning Board. I believe that's a conflict of interest here, your Honor. We would like you to know when this was brought before the planning board, she was not a member of it, but since the signature of the affidavit and proceedings, she has been a member of the planning board, which I'm representing, your Honor. That being stated, I will rest on my papers.

THE COURT: Mr. Rossi, you're representing both Fortistar and Digihost, right?

MR. ROSSI: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So, Mr. Williams, you're a neutral observer. Okay? So to speak. All right.

Although the Court is --

MR. LIPPES: Your Honor? Your Honor?

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THE COURT: What, Mr. Lippes? 1

MR. LIPPES: We have the opportunity to respond 2

briefly? 3

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THE COURT: Respond briefly to what?

MR. LIPPES: To the arguments that were just

made by the two attorneys for the Respondents? 6

THE COURT: Why didn't you address those

arguments during -- look, okay, sure, Mr. Lippes. You

have five minutes. Go ahead.

MR. LIPPES: Yeah. I won't need five minutes.

Mr. Rossi said on his argument under 239-m, he really got 11

into the merits, said we don't have to make multiple 12

referrals, but as we indicated in our papers, we agree 13

with that broad statement, but only that it only applies 14

when the requirements of 239-m have first been met by the 15

appropriate papers being given to the County Planning 16

Board, and that did not happen here. 17

As to standing, the Respondents, they claim --18 Mr. Rossi claims that we only base standing on proximity

only, and as we pointed out in our papers, even without 20

proximity, we allege traditional environmental issues that 21

the Petitioners are concerned about and why they are 22

challenging this proceeding. So even without proximity, 23

we believe that we would have standing to pursue this 24

action based upon the allegations of standing in the 25

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1 Petition. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Lippes.

Although the Court is sensitive to the issues and concerns raised in the Petition, particularly by the neighbors, the Court sits as a Court of Law, and because I sit as a Court of Law, I must follow the law. In other words, I must follow any governing state statutes, and I must follow any binding precedent from the appellate courts, including our state's highest court, which is the Court of Appeals, and the intermedial appellate court, which is the immediate appellate jurisdiction to this court, the Appellate Division Fourth Department, which sits in Rochester.

As a necessary pre-condition of many if not most lawsuits, the person bringing the action, bringing the lawsuit or the persons bringing the lawsuit must demonstrate that they have standing or the legal right to initiate a lawsuit. In addition to standing, the person bringing the action or the persons bringing the action must demonstrate that the action's filed in a timely manner, in other words, that they have filed their lawsuit within the applicable statute of limitations. Generally, the Court does not reach the merits of claims raised in a lawsuit unless those very three conditions which I just described are satisfied.

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Let's start with standing. That an issue may be one of public concern, even vital public concern, does not entitle a party to standing in land use matters. The Petitioner, in order to demonstrate standing, must show that it suffered direct harm or injury that is in some way different from that of the public at large. Society of Plastics v. County of Suffolk, 77 NY2d 761, Court of Appeals decision from 1991, which Mr. Lippes referred to as one of the seminal cases in this area, if not the seminal case. The principles apply regardless of whether the Petitioner is a named individual person or an association or an organization of persons. In this case, Petitioners are both named individuals and an association of persons, the Sierra Club.

Regarding individuals, standing is usually established when the sworn affidavits of the Petitioners themselves set forth their proximity to the proposed land use and/or their repeated use of the land in question, which is different from the public at large. That's the key concept here. That's matter of Wooster v. Queen City Landing, LLC, 150 AD3d 1689, a Fourth Department case from 2017. Moreover, allegations of harm must not be conclusory or speculative. Matter of Sierra Club v. Town of New Castle, 200 AD3d 694, Second Department case from 2021, pretty recent from December of 2021.

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In the area of associational or organizational standing, the applicable principles are embodied in three requirements: First, that the association or organization is the Petitioner. The key determination to be made is whether one or more of its members would have standing to sue. Standing cannot be achieved merely by multiplying the persons the group purports to represent. Second, an association must demonstrate that the interests it asserts are germane to its purposes so as to satisfy the Court that it is an appropriate representative of those interests. Third, it must be evident that neither the asserted claim for the appropriate relief requires the participation of the individual members. Again, Society of Plastics v. County of Suffolk, 77 NY2d 761.

That Second Department case that I just mentioned a moment ago, Matter of Sierra Club v. Town of New Castle, 200 AD3d 694, the case that was argued by Mr. Lippes, the Court recently held that standing is not established in the absence of a showing that an association's members will suffer an injury that is in some way different in kind or degree from that of the public at large as a result of the proposed project.

In this case, the named Petitioners submit their allegations upon the verification of their attorney, Mr. Lippes. The individual named Petitioners do not, however,

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submit any individual affidavits or sworn attestations, nor does a member of the Sierra Club. It is merely claimed that all Sierra Club members will suffer harm from the proposed bitcoin facility. Similar conclusory, nonspecific assertions are made on behalf of the individually named Petitioners, who it is claimed will suffer because they live nearby the facility without defining what that exactly means. In sum, Petitioners fail in either the Petition or Verified Petition to assert the requisite, basic information required under the law to establish that they will suffer an injury different in kind and different than that of the public at large.

Accordingly, the Court finds that the Petitioners have failed to establish standing.

Now, assuming for sake of argument that I got that wrong, all right, that the Petitioners would have standing, they must further demonstrate that they have brought this action in a timely manner within the applicable statute of limitations.

It is undisputed that the governing statutes,
New York State General City Law sections 38 and 27-a,
impose a 30 day statute of limitations to challenge a
decision of a city planning board, which is exactly what
we have here. That statute has been upheld as applied in
the Matter of Citizens against Sprawl-Mart v. City of

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Niagara Falls, 35 AD3d 1190, a Fourth Department case from 2006. The City Planning Board's decision was filed on September 9th of 2021. This action was commenced on November 1st of 2021, more than 50 days after the filing of the City Planning Board's Decision. Accordingly, the Court finds that this matter is untimely filed as well. There would be no other finding I could make.

Mr. Williams, Mr. Rossi, I think it would be a very good idea to reduce the noise that your facility's generating. I think that would be a smart thing to do for a lot of reasons. It would also be the decent thing to do. It would also be the right thing to do, especially if you wish to open additional facilities in this area or this region. However, today, round one, and based upon the foregoing as I have outlined it, and based upon the law that applies, the Respondents' motions to deny a preliminary injunction and dismiss the Petition are granted for the reasons set forth by the Court.

Mr. Rossi or Mr. Robinson, doesn't matter which one of you does it, maybe it's easier for you because you're actually here, Mr. Rossi, you can talk to the court reporter, please issue a -- please submit a proposed order within three weeks with a transcript attached. And there's several reasons that I ask for the transcript to be attached, including if Mr. Lippes or his clients wish

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SIERRA CLUB vs. CITY OF NORTH TONAWANDA to appeal my decision to the Fourth Department, then the appellate court will know my reasoning and rationale for my decision today. Anything else to do? MR. LIPPES: No, thank you. THE COURT: Thank you, Counsel. MR. ROSSI: Thank you, your Honor.