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6	COMPLETE THE REFUGE	December 16, 2019
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13	Attorneys for Petitioner CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY	
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16		THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA UNTY OF ALAMEDA
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18	CITIZENS COMMITTEE TO COMPLETE	No.
19	THE REFUGE, a California nonprofit corporation, and CENTER FOR	140.
20	BIÖLOGICAL DIVERSITY, a California nonprofit corporation,	PETITION FOR PEREMPTORY WRIT OF
21	Petitioners and Plaintiffs,	MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR
22	VS.	INJUNCTIVE RELIEF [Public Resources Code §§ 21168, 21168.5;
23	CITY OF NEWARK, a municipal corporation; NEWARK CITY COUNCIL; and DOES 1-20	
24	inclusive,	
25	Respondents and Defendants	,
26	SOBRATO ORGANIZATION, LLC, a California limited liability company;	(ACTION FILED UNDER CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT)
27	NEWARK PARTNERS, LLC, a California limited liability company; and DOES 21-40	
28	inclusive, Real Parties In Interest	
29		0.00000
30		MMITTEE TO COMPLETE THE REFUGE
31	(hereinafter "CCCR") and CENTER FOR BIOL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
~~	"CENTER" and the foregoing, collectively, "PE"	TTTIONERS") allege as follows:
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12-15-19;11:26PM;From:Law Offices of S. Flashman To:2675739 ;5106525373

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INTRODUCTION

1. This action challenges the approvals granted by respondents and defendants CITY OF NEWARK ("CITY") and NEWARK CITY COUNCIL ("COUNCIL" and the aforementioned hereinafter referred to collectively as "RESPONDENTS") for the Sanctuary West Residential Project (hereinafter, "Project") and the approval of the Environmental Impact Report Addendum/Compliance Checklist ("Checklist") for the Project. These approvals were granted at the behest of and for the benefit of Real Parties in Interest SOBRATO ORGANIZATION, LLC (hereinafter, "SOBRATO") and NEWARK PARTNERS, LLC (hereinafter "PARTNERS" and, together with SOBRATO, collectively, "REAL PARTIES"). PETITIONERS allege that RESPONDENTS' approvals for the Project and for the Checklist violated provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA").

- 2. RESPONDENTS' actions violated CEQA in that the Checklist for the project incorrectly asserted that there was no substantial evidence in the record that the Project would have a significant effect on the environment not already studied and addressed in the certified 2015 Recirculated Environmental Impact Report ("REIR") for the Area 3 and 4 Specific Plan when, in fact, substantial evidence in the record, submitted by PETITIONERS and others, showed that there were site-specific significant impacts from the Project, as well as changes to the Project, changes to the circumstances surrounding the Project and its proposed implementation, and new, previously unavailable information, all of which indicated that the Project would have new and/or significantly increased environmental impacts compared to those considered and identified in the REIR for the Area 3 and 4 Specific Plan, requiring the preparation of a supplemental or subsequent EIR.
- 3. PETITIONERS further allege that RESPONDENTS violated CEQA by improperly deferring the determination of mitigation measures to address potentially significant impacts of the Project until after the Project's final approval by the Council.
- 4. PETITIONERS further challenge the fairness of the CITY's administrative process, as the CITY withheld important evidence relating to the Project and its environmental impacts from PETITIONERS, other agencies, and the public until the very day of the final hearing before the COUNCIL, thereby preventing PETITIONERS, other public agencies, and members of the public, from being able to review and respond to this evidence prior to the COUNCIL's final hearing and approval of the Project and the Checklist.

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- 5. PETITIONERS seek this Court's writ of mandate ordering RESPONDENTS to rescind their improper and illegal approvals for the Project, including specifically the approval of the Checklist.
- 6. PETITIONERS also seeks this Court's temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, and permanent injunction to prevent RESPONDENTS, REAL PARTIES, and any persons acting on behalf of these parties from moving forward in granting any further approvals to the Project, or taking any steps towards implementation or construction of the Project until it has undergone proper environmental review.
- 7. PETITIONERS also ask that they be granted their reasonable attorneys' fees as a private attorney general under Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 or other applicable statute litigating to protect the rights and benefits of Newark citizens and the general public.

PARTIES

- 8. Petitioner CITIZENS COMMITTEE TO COMPLETE THE REFUGE is a California nonprofit corporation established and operating under the laws of the State of California and qualified as a 501(c)(3) public charity under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. CCCR was established to protect the area along the San Francisco Bay shoreline proposed for inclusion in the Don Edwards San Francisco Bay National Wildlife Refuge (hereinafter, "Refuge,"), including specifically the valuable and irreplaceable plant and animal species and natural habitat included in that area and promote its inclusion in the federally protected area of the Refuge. CCCR therefore has an interest in protecting the environmental values of Area 4 of the City of Newark's shoreline and specifically the area proposed for the Project, as a majority of the site has been identified as a potential addition to the Refuge. CCCR also has an interest in ensuring more generally that the environment is properly protected by RESPONDENTS' adherence to the requirements of CEQA. These interests will be directly and adversely affected by the approvals at issue in this action in that RESPONDENTS' approvals for the Project violate provisions of law as set forth in this Petition and would cause significant and avoidable environmental damage. CCCR's interests, as described above, are adversely affected by RESPONDENTS' approval of the Project.
- 9. Petitioner CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY is a California nonprofit corporation established and operating under the laws of the State of California and qualified as a 501(c)(3) public charity under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. The CENTER was established

to protect the existing diversity of biological species both in California and in other parts of the United State and of the entire world. The CENTER works on behalf of its thousands of members throughout the United States and elsewhere to promote the maintenance of biological diversity, and particularly to promote the recovery of currently identified threatened or endangered species and to assist in identifying and protecting species subject to threats that have not yet gained legal protection, as well as protecting the habitat used and needed by such species.

- 10. PETITIONERS brings this action on their own behalves and on behalf of their members, as well as the citizens, residents, and supporters on behalf of whom they advocate and who are citizens and taxpayers of the City of Newark, the State of California, and throughout the United States. These members and supporters include those who live, work, travel and/or enjoy recreational opportunities in the vicinity of the Project and in areas that will be affected by the Project, and will suffer the adverse effects from RESPONDENTS' improper actions in approving the Project.
- 11. PETITIONERS, acting either directly or through their authorized representatives, submitted written and oral comments to RESPONDENTS objecting to the Project, as set forth herein.
- 12. PETITIONERS, acting either directly or through their authorized representatives, public agencies, other organizations, and members of the public submitted written and oral comments raising the violations of CEQA set forth in this complaint prior to the close of the public hearing before RESPONDENTS' approval of the Project and the Checklist for the Project.
- 13. This action is for the purpose of enforcing important public rights and policies of the State of California. It is brought to ensure that approvals made by RESPONDENTS are made consonant with CEQA and that the environmental values threatened by the Project are protected for the public and for the future. The prosecution of this action will confer a substantial benefit on members of the public, and specifically on the citizens of the City of Newark and surrounding areas by enforcing CEQA. PETITIONERS will receive no special financial benefit from the successful prosecution of this action. In this action, PETITIONERS are acting as private attorneys general to protect these public rights and policies and prevent such harms. As such, PETITIONERS are entitled to recover their reasonable attorneys' fees under C.C.P. §1021.5.
- 14. Respondent CITY OF NEWARK is a municipal corporation established and operating under the laws of the State of California. CITY was the lead agency under CEQA for the

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environmental review of the Project. CITY directed the preparation of the Checklist that RESPONDENTS used in determining to approve the Project pursuant to CEQA.

- 15. Respondent NEWARK CITY COUNCIL is the duly elected legislative and governing body for the CITY. COUNCIL was responsible for considering and approving the Checklist for the Project, as well as giving final approvals for the Project.
- 16. The true names and capacities of DOES 1-20 are unknown to PETITIONERS at this time; however PETITIONERS allege on information and belief that each party named as DOE is responsible for the acts and omissions of each of the other respondents. Therefore PETITIONERS sue such Parties by such fictitious names, and will ask leave of the Court to amend this Petition by inserting the true names and capacities of said Does when ascertained.
- 17. PETITIONERS are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that Real Party in Interest SOBRATO ORGANIZATION, LLC is a California limited liability company.
 - 18. SOBRATO was the applicant for and sought the Project approvals at issue in this action.
- 19. PETITIONERS are informed and believe, and on that basis alleged that Real Party in Interest NEWARK PARTNERS, LLC ("PARTNERS") is a California limited liability company.
- 20. PETITIONERS are further informed and believe, and on that basis allege that PARTNERS is the owner of the property within Area 4 on which the Project is proposed to be built, and that SOBRATO, in applying for the Project approvals at issue in this action, was acting as the agent or representative of PARTNERS, or was otherwise associated with PARTNERS in seeking those approvals.
- 21. The true names and capacities of DOES 21-40 are unknown to PETITIONERS at this time; however PETITIONERS allege on information and belief that each such party named as DOE has some interest in the subject matter of this action. Therefore PETITIONERS sue such Parties by such fictitious names, and will ask leave of the Court to amend this Petition by inserting the true names and capacities of said Does when ascertained.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Project Location

22. The Project is proposed for an area along the Newark shoreline of San Francisco Bay that is referred to by the CITY as Area 4, and more specifically in three subareas, Sub Area B, C, and E, within Area 4. Area 4 is located north of the mouth of Coyote Creek and directly adjoining Mowry Slough in a diked area that is comprised of ponds, muted tidal marsh, brackish marsh,

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seasonal wetlands and uplands close to the border of the Don Edwards San Francisco Bay National Wildlife Refuge and encompasses areas designated for inclusion in that Refuge.

- 23. The 460-acre bayfront Project site was predominantly historical tidal wetlands and the home of the Whistling Wings and Pintail duck clubs. The area includes habitat for listed species under both the California and Federal Endangered Species Acts, most notably the federally-endangered and state fully protected salt marsh harvest mouse ("SMHM").
- 24. The site is located adjacent to Mowry Slough and large portions of the site were subject to tidal influence until the early 1900s, when the site was diked off from the Bay. The site is underlain by Bay muds and groundwater is estimated to be less than five feet below existing ground elevations, which are at, or slightly above current sea level. The site lies within a Liquefaction Hazard Zone and portions of the site are susceptible to liquefaction and lateral spread.

General Background

- 25. Since the mid-1980s, the lands of Areas 3 and 4 have been proposed for development in the Newark General Plan. The CITY's purpose, to develop these lands for residential and other uses, has not changed since then despite evidence demonstrating increasing threats from sea level rise due to global climate change and the continued loss of habitat for protected species that live in the area, particularly in Area 4.
- 26. In or about 2007-2008, Newark prepared a Project/Program Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") for an Area 3 and 4 Specific Plan. The Final EIR was certified, and the Specific Plan, along with a Development Agreement between the CITY and PARTNERS, were approved in or about 2010.
- 27. Petitioner CCCR sued the City challenging the EIR for a variety of inadequacies. In November 2012, the trial court issued an interlocutory order suspending the project approvals and remanding the case to the City for clarification of which portions of the EIR were intended to be "project level" and which portions "program level." CCCR appealed the trial court order, and the First District Court of Appeal, in an unpublished decision under the expedited *Palma* appellate procedure, reversed the trial court's order and remanded the case for entry of a final judgment.

28. In or about November 2014, the trial court entered final judgment against the City and in favor of CCCR. The final judgment ordered rescission of the certification of the Final EIR and of all of the approvals that had been granted for the Specific Plan.

29. In or about March 2015, the CITY certified a recirculated combination programmatic and project-level EIR ("2015 REIR") to remedy the deficiencies identified in the trial court's 2014 Final Judgment. The CITY also reapproved a Newark Area 3 and 4 Specific Plan ("Specific Plan") and a Development Agreement with PARTNERS governing the approval of future development under the Specific Plan.

30. In 2016, the CITY, also based on the 2015 REIR, granted final entitlements to a project to develop 386 single-family homes in Area 3, which also includes other previously-developed areas. Construction of the residential project in Area 3 is now in process.

The Project

31. The Project would consist of 469 single-family residential homes located in Sub Areas B and C of Area 4. The Project would consist of two major groups of residential lots plus several smaller clusters of residential lots. One of the large groups of lots would be located directly west of the Union Pacific railroad tracks and right-of-way that run from northwest to southeast along the northwest border between Area 3 and Area 4. The second large group of lots would stretch in an east-west direction and would, at its eastern edge, connect to a bridge along Stevenson Boulevard, which would be the only regular access point in and out of the Project from the rest of Newark. The two large groups of lots would be connected to each other and to the smaller groups of lots by a series of four bridges spanning wetland areas between the groups. A fifth bridge is proposed as part of an Emergency Vehicle Access ("EVA") for the entire development from the northeast corner of the large group of lots, directly adjacent to the Union Pacific Railroad tracks, to Mowry Avenue. The gated and locked bridge providing access to the EVA would span Alameda County Flood Control District's Zone 5, Line D channel which flows to Mowry Slough.

32. The EVA, paralleling the Union Pacific railroad tracks, would serve as an emergency evacuation route from the Project, as well as a pedestrian and bicycle path. The Project proposes that this path cross three sets of Union Pacific Railroad tracks at-grade in an area that is often blocked by freight cars using the switching yard just north of Mowry Avenue.

33. The Project purports to have been designed such that it would not require any direct and intentional fill of wetlands areas. However, the fill pads created by the Project would directly abut the wetlands areas over most of the Project's extensive perimeter around the two larger groups of lots and three smaller islands of lots.

34. The Project would require placing approximately 1.67 million cubic yards of fill directly adjacent to the wetlands to raise the areas of the site identified as uplands by approximately 5 to 15 feet, so as to raise the proposed development out of the FEMA 100-year flood plain. The elevated fill pads are proposed to be "armored" with riprap protection to prevent erosion from wave action or in the event of flooding.

The Project Approval Process

35. PETITIONERS are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that at some time early in 2019, SOBRATO, or one or more agents acting on its behalf, filed an application for the Project with the CITY.

36. In or about September 2019, the CITY released an environmental review document for the Project. The document was entitled a "Draft Compliance Checklist" and purported to be a systematic comparison of the Project to the analysis made and conclusions reached in the 2015 REIR. The Checklist had attached to it numerous appendices containing more detailed analyses of topics included in the Checklist. The Checklist reached the conclusion that the Project was entirely consistent with the 2015 REIR and that there were no changes to the Project, changed circumstances surrounding the Project or new and previously unavailable information that would indicate that the Project would have significant new environmental impacts or significantly increased environmental impacts compared to the impacts disclosed and analyzed in the 2015 REIR.

37. PETITIONERS, public agencies, and members of the public submitted both oral and written comments on the Checklist and its associated exhibits, raising questions about whether the 2015 REIR adequately identified and discussed the Project's significant environmental impacts.

38. In particular, PETITIONERS, public agencies and members of the public submitted oral and written comments providing substantial evidence that there were changes to the Project, changes to the circumstances surrounding the Project, and new and previously unavailable information, all of which showed that the Project would have significant new and site-specific

environmental impacts and/or significantly increased site-specific environmental impacts compared to the impacts disclosed in the 2015 REIR.

39. Based on the substantial information provided, PETITIONERS, public agencies, and members of the public asked that the CITY prepare a supplemental or subsequent EIR to address the changes and resulting new or significantly increased impacts compared to the 2015 REIR

To: 2675739

- 40. On or about October 22, 2019, the Newark Planning Commission held a public hearing on the Project and the supporting Checklist.
- 41. Representatives of CCCR and other members of the public submitted oral and written comments opposing the Project and presenting evidence supporting the need for a supplemental or subsequent EIR prior to the CITY making any decisions on the Project. Nevertheless, the Planning Commission (with two members abstaining) voted to recommend approval of the Project and its supporting Checklist.
- 42. On or about November 8, 2019, several members of CCCR met with the Mayor and the City Manager of the City of Newark to discuss the Project and its environmental review. At that meeting, members of CCCR inquired whether the CITY had hired its own consultants to conduct peer review of the various technical reports on different aspects of the Project that accompanied the Checklist. The Mayor and City Manager promised to inquire whether peer review analyses had been conducted on behalf of the City. CCCR representatives requested that if such peer review analyses had been conducted, the CITY provide copies of those reports so that they could be reviewed by CCCR and other members of the public.
- 43. On or about November 14, 2019, the COUNCIL held a public hearing on the Project and its supporting Checklist, which had been updated with a set of written responses to written comments that had been submitted on the Checklist. That same morning, the CITY had sent electronic copies of approximately six peer review reports, dating from between roughly April and August 2019 and totaling approximately 39 pages, to a representative of CCCR. Neither CCCR, its attorney, nor experts within CCCR had sufficient time to review and analyze these reports, or provide comments on them, before the COUNCIL's meeting that night. Nor did the CENTER or its experts have the opportunity to review. analyze, or comment on the peer review reports prior to the COUNCIL's meeting.
- 44. At the COUNCIL's public hearing on the Project, representatives of PETITIONERS and others again raised objections to the Project and offered oral and written evidence that there was

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- 45. Despite all of the testimony and evidence presented, the COUNCIL rejected motions by one COUNCIL member to prepare a supplemental EIR or to continue the public hearing for two months. Instead, the COUNCIL, by a vote of 4-1, approved the Project and its supporting Checklist.
- 46. On or about November 15, 2019, the CITY filed with Alameda County a Notice of Determination for the approval of the Project, including a finding that the Project's impacts had been adequately identified and addressed in the 2015 REIR and the Project was therefore exempt from any further review under CEQA.

General Allegations

- 47. PETITIONERS have exhausted available administrative remedies to the extent required by law. PETITIONERS, their members and authorized representatives, and others have raised the concerns and objections contained in this petition through oral and/or written testimony during the project approval process and prior to the close of the public hearings on approval of the Project.
- 48. PETITIONERS have no plain, speedy or adequate remedy in the ordinary course of law unless the Court grants the requested relief, requiring RESPONDENTS to rescind the improper and illegal approvals for the project and its supporting Checklist. In the absence of such relief, PETITIONERS will suffer irreparable harm from the implementation of the project, and from acts undertaken in furtherance thereof. The harm includes significant environmental damage to natural resources, including federally and state protected animal species and their habitat, protected wetlands and other protected habitat, and potential harm to humans, both those who might work on or inhabit the Project and residents of Newark who might be damaged, injured or even killed as a result of earthquake damage to the Project or flooding exacerbated by the Project.

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- 49. PETITIONERS have complied with Public Resources Code § 21167.5 by mailing to RESPONDENTS written notices of the intent to commence this action. Copies of said notices, with proofs of service, are attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 50. PETITIONER has complied with C.C.P. § 388 and Public Resources Code § 21167.7 by providing notice and a copy of this petition to the California Attorney General. A copy of said notice, with proof of service, is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

CHARGING ALLEGATIONS

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of CEQA – inadequate environmental review; failure to prepare supplemental or subsequent EIR)

- 51. PETITIONERS hereby reallege and incorporate by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 50 of this petition, inclusive.
- 52. With certain exceptions not relevant here, CEQA requires that the lead agency conduct environmental review under CEQA for a discretionary project. If the environmental review indicates that the project may result in a significant impact on the environment, an Environmental Impact Report must be prepared. Once an environmental impact has been prepared and certified without legal challenge, it is conclusively presumed valid, and no further environmental review need be done unless: a) the project is changed, b) circumstances surrounding the project have changed, or c) new, previously unavailable information becomes available, and the changes or new information present substantial evidence indicating that a new impact not previously identified or studied in the prior EIR, or a substantial increase in the severity of a previously-studied impact, will occur. In such cases, the environmental review must be reopened to address the new or significantly increased impact.
- 53. In the case of a project consistent with a previously approved community plan or specific plan, site-specific impacts that were not and could not have been identified and analyzed in the community or specific plan must be addressed through supplemental environmental review.
- 54. Here, substantial evidence was presented to RESPONDENTS by PETITIONERS and others indicating that: 1) the project had been changed in significant ways, in particular, the general outlines of the Area 4 project contained in the 2015 Area 3 and 4 Specific Plan and the accompanying 2015 REIR were replaced by highly specific information on the location and configuration of the Project; 2) circumstances surrounding the Project had specifically changed,

in particular, substantial evidence was presented showing that sea level rise was currently increasing more rapidly than had been estimated and evaluated in the 2015 REIR; and 3) new, previously unavailable substantial evidence became available indicating that the *rate* of sea level rise could be expected to increase at an ever-increasing rate, due to passing various "tipping points" that would accelerate climate change and sea level rise, far beyond what had been seen or expected in 2015. This information, coupled to the detailed Project design information revealed in the Checklist, will result in significantly more severe impacts than were disclosed and analyzed in the 2015 REIR.

Count One – significantly increased impacts to protected species (salt marsh harvest mouse)

- 55. The SMHM is designated as an endangered species, due primarily to loss of habitat, under both the Federal Endangered Species Act (16 U.S.C. § 1541 et seq.) and the California Endangered Species Act (Calif. Fish & Game Code § 2050 et seq.). The SMHM is also a California fully protected mammal, which, subject to limited exceptions, may not be taken at any time. (Calif. Fish & Game Code § 4700(b)(7).)
- 56. The SMHM is endemic to tidal wetlands of San Francisco Bay, and is known to occur within the muted tidal wetlands contained within Area 4.
- 57. The Project that the CITY approved in Area 4 includes multiple developed areas that directly abut wetlands within Area 4.
- 58. The 2015 REIR included discussion of the effects of sea level rise, but its primary focus was to identify effects of sea level rise on the Project. There was no discussion of the effect of the combination of the project and sea level rise on the availability of SMHM habitat within Area 4, or on the ability of SMHM habitat to migrate within Area 4 concurrent with or in adaptation to sea level rise.
- 59. As mitigation for the effects of sea level rise on the Project, the 2015 REIR proposed the deposition of fill to elevate the Project above the projected increase in sea level over the lifetime of the Project. That sea level increase was identified in the 2015 REIR as being 4.6 feet by 2100. The Checklist used updated figures for San Francisco from the OPC-SAT (in Appendix G of the Checklist) to set a "Low Risk Aversion", high emissions rise of 1.9 feet in 2070 (3.4 feet in 2100).
- 60. The Project proposes to import and deposit approximately 1.67 million cubic feet of fill material into areas directly adjacent to the wetlands in Area 4 to raise the sites to be developed

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level rise or flooding.

61. The fill is proposed to be graded so as to have a 2:1 slope extending from the developed area down to the toe of the fill, directly adjacent to the wetland areas, as identified in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' now-expired 2007 wetlands delineation.

62. The slopes facing the wetland areas are proposed to be "armored" with riprap — i.e., an assemblage of broken stones deposited on or embedded in the slope and intended to resist erosion — to protect against erosion due to wave action or storm water flooding.

63. Neither the 2:1 slope of the fill nor the application of riprap to the fill slopes were identified in the 2015 REIR as provisions of the Area 4 development, and therefore the 2015 REIR did not consider or discuss any impact that might arise due to the slopes or riprap.

64. In a response to comments on the draft Checklist, the Final approved Checklist, which included responses to comments received, revealed that, because the 2:1 slope of the fill would have the potential for being eroded by wave or floodwater action, riprap would be placed on the lower portions of the west-facing slopes as mitigation, and the Final Checklist concluded that it would reduce the erosion impact to less than significant.

65. The combination of locating the development in the Project directly adjacent to the wetland areas of Area 4, placing up to 15 feet of fill in these areas at a 2:1 slope down towards the wetlands, and armoring the lower portions of the slopes adjacent to and facing wetlands with riprap, coupled to the high rate of sea level rise projected over the next fifty years, results in a significant impact on the SMHM and its habitat. Sea level rise will inundate the current SMHM wetlands habitat within Area 4 with at least an additional 1-2 feet of water, making much of the current habitat no longer usable by the SMHM. The placement of 15 feet of fill directly adjacent to the current wetland areas identified in the Checklist as potential SMHM habitat, with a 2:1 slope and armored with riprap, will make it impossible for the SMHM habitat (i.e., tidal

North American Vertical Datum — a system of orthometric heights for surveying in the United States, used to determine flood plain elevations.

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wetlands) to migrate inland as it would otherwise be able to in the absence of the project and its associated fill. Further, the 15 feet of steeply sloping armored fill will make it virtually impossible for the SMHM themselves to escape from the flooded wetland areas during flooding events, which will become increasingly more severe over the next fifty years due to sea level rise and the expected increase in severe weather events, both reasonably foreseeable consequences within the San Francisco Bay Area from already-occurring and increasing climate change. The result would be the loss of the SMHM habitat and the extirpation of the existing SMHM population in much if not all of Area 4, both of which are significant but unacknowledged impacts.

Count two – significantly increased impact on protected species (salt marsh harvest mouse)

66. In addition to the direct impact caused by the combination of the Project's location and configuration in conjunction with sea level rise, there will also be a secondary impact from the installation of riprap on the sloping fill areas next to the wetlands. The 2015 REIR acknowledged the potential for human habitation to attract predators of the SMHM, notably black and Norwegian rats. However, the newly-disclosed specific location of the human habitation, along a greatly increased development perimeter directly adjacent to the wetland SMHM habitat, in conjunction with the placement of riprap on the bottom portions of the 2:1 slopes of the added fill next to the wetlands, creates a new and significant impact. The newlydisclosed configuration will inadvertently create an attractive habitat where rats (and other predators) can hide and/or live, placing them in close proximity to both humans, and to the SMHM and its young. This further significantly increases the jeopardy to the SMHM, a significant impact. In response to a comment raising this issue, the Final Checklist opines that a pest control program identified in the 2015 REIR will adequately mitigate this potential impact. However, neither the 2015 REIR nor the Final Checklist provide any substantial evidence to support a claim that the kind of nonspecific pest control program identified in the 2015 REIR will adequately mitigate the adverse predation impact on SMHM under these circumstances, which would place predators in close proximity to both human habitation and SMHM and its habitat, without resulting in secondary impacts on the SMHM (for example, from the use of poisons or traps).

67. A closely related impact is that, due to the close proximity of the new homes in Area 4 to the wetlands that are habitat for SMHM, household pets, notably cats, can be expected to also be

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predators on SMHM and their young. This is a significant impact. While the 2015 REIR discussed this potential impact, and provided mitigation (MM BIO 4.7), the evidence fails to show that mitigation measure will be effective given that, unlike the Area 4 project analyzed in the Specific Plan EIR, almost all of the Project will be constructed in close proximity to wetlands, and significant portions in close proximity to SMHM habitat. The Checklist provides no substantial evidence that MM BIO-4.7 will be effective in preventing predation by household pets under these changed circumstances.

Count three – Increased flooding risk in areas upstream of the Area 4 Project.

- 68. The 2015 REIR recognized that sea level rise would increase the risk of flooding to the project. In response, it proposed to place a large volume of fill in the areas to be developed to raise them above the level of flood waters. The proposed project configuration, while reducing the total number of homes, focuses the fill on those homes, rather than also locating some fill in a proposed golf course area. As a result, the low-lying areas available to absorb floodwaters will be decreased, compared to the analysis in the 2015 REIR, where the less-filled golf course area would be available to absorb some flood waters. Consequently, the Project will increase both the flooding in areas adjacent to and east of the Project and increase the velocity of floodwaters entering areas adjacent to and east of the Project. This would be a significant new impact.
- 69. The configuration of the project, with five fill pads connected by short bridges, plus a fifth bridge connecting to the EVA, would further exacerbate flooding impacts. The short spans of the bridges and elevated fill pads would focus flood waters, increasing their velocity and giving them more power to erode and scour banks as they move upstream. Significant Water quality impacts during flooding would also occur. These would be significant new impacts not identified or discussed in the 2015 REIR.

Count four – Increased risk of inadvertent or incidental fill of protected wetlands areas.

70. The 2015 REIR identified the potential for a project in Area 4 to cause inadvertent wetlands disturbance during construction. As mitigation, it proposed to fence off all wetland and aquatic habitat with fencing during construction. In the Checklist, given the proximity of the Project's construction to wetland areas, a mitigation measure is incorporated (MM Bio-12.2) intended to prevent inadvertent wetland fill. However, while the overall size of the Project is decreased compared to the generic Area 4 project analyzed in the 2015 REIR, the Project's perimeter is greatly expanded compared to that generic project, and more specifically much of

the Project is proposed to be built, and require up to 15 feet of fill, directly adjacent to wetland areas. This constitutes substantial evidence that the Project would significantly increase the inadvertent or incidental fill of wetland areas. However, the Checklist does not provide any substantial evidence or analysis to show that either MM Bio-12.2 or other mitigation measures identified in the 2015 REIR will mitigate the significantly increased impact due to inadvertent or incidental fill of wetland.

Count five – Secondary impacts of need for greater mosquito control measures due to proximity of project to wetlands in Area 4.

71. The changed configuration of the Project, compared to that analyzed in the 2015 REIR means that the Project will have a greater proportion of its units in close proximity to the wetlands of Area 4. These wetlands are, among other things, a breeding area for the salt marsh mosquito (Ochlerotatus squaminger). While this mosquito species is not know to be a vector for human diseases, it favors humans for its blood meal, and is known to be a ferocious biter in both daytime and evening hours. By placing 469 residences in close proximity to this breeding area, the City will be placing great pressure on the County mosquito abatement district to take additional measures to control this mosquito. In particular, there will be strong pressure on the mosquito district, if its current biorational control measures are not adequately effective to curb biting of residents (as seems likely) to resort to the use of adulticide treatments, which can have adverse effects on other non-target species. This secondary impact, not addressed in the 2015 REIR because that project was not placed in such close proximity to mosquito-breeding wetlands, is not addressed, in violation of CEQA.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION – VIOLATION OF CEQA – IMPROPERLY DEFERRED MITIGATION

- 72. PETITIONERS hereby reallege and incorporate by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 71 of this petition, inclusive.
- 73. CEQA requires that environmental review identify all potentially significant impacts from a project and feasible mitigation measures that might reduce that impact to less than significant levels.
- 74. When it is clear with certainty that an impact can feasibly be mitigated but it is not yet possible to specifically define the mitigation measure, CEQA allows an EIR to defer identification of the specifics of the required mitigation to a future time, so long as the EIR commits the agency to adequately mitigate the potential impacts and define a specific

performance standard that would be required to be met, while deferring the final choice of mitigation.

- 75. Nevertheless, an EIR must not only identify feasible mitigation measures, but must also identify and discuss, in less detail, potential secondary impacts that might be caused by the mitigation measure. If those impacts are potentially significant, they too must be both disclosed and, if possible, mitigated.
- 76. The environmental review of the Project violated CEQA by deferring the identification of mitigation for potentially significant impacts to future study after the Project's approval without 1) identifying and discussing the feasible potential mitigation measures, 2) defining specific performance standards that would be met through the chosen mitigation measure, and 3) identifying, discussing and, where feasible, mitigating any potentially significant secondary impacts that would be caused by the mitigation measures. Specifically:

Count one – deferral of mitigation – predator management program

- 77. Appendix B to the Checklist (Biological Resources) identifies Mitigation Measure MM Bio-4.7 to mitigate the effect of the Project in introducing and promoting the presence of predators in the Project vicinity. While the measure is listed in the 2015 REIR as associated with burrowing owls, the Checklist also applies it to the SMHM.
- 78. Neither the 2015 REIR nor the Checklist provide any details as to what the Predator Management Program would consist of, nor do they provide any substantial evidence to demonstrate that such a program would be effective in preventing predation on SMHM, given the closeness of human habitation to SMHM habitat. Nor does the Checklist (or the 2015 REIR) provide any specific performance standards by which the predator management program's effectiveness could be evaluated. Further, because there are no details given of what the predator control program would consist of, it is impossible to determine what secondary impacts on SMHM (e.g., inadvertent take of SMHM through traps or poison, etc.) might occur. For all these reasons, the proposed future predator management plan is an improper deferral of mitigation.

Count two – deferral of mitigation – future geotechnical studies

79. The Checklist calls for post-project-approval study of the 2:1 slopes of the up to 15 feet of fill to be placed on the fill pads to raise them above the level of any projected flood waters. The study would be to evaluate the risk of slope deformation and instability during grading, surcharge program, and post-construction static and seismic conditions. If the post-approval

study identified slope instability conditions, such as "mud waves," additional mitigation measures would be proposed to prevent such a mud wave from forming. However, the Checklist only mentions, in passing, "appropriate design details" as possible mitigation measures, including retaining walls or staging of fill placement. The Checklist provides no specific performance standards by which the effectiveness of such mitigation measures would be judged. Nor does to Checklist provide any consideration of what, if any, secondary impacts (e.g., interference with migration corridors by retaining walls) might occur, or their significance. For these reasons, the post-approval geotechnical studies involve improper deferral of mitigation.

Count three – deferral of mitigation – future adaptive management measures to address sea level rise

- 80. The Checklist responses to comments document discusses the use of "adaptive management" to cope with the effects of future sea level rise. This amounts to offering undefined future mitigation measures to address sea level rise impacts beyond those identified in the 2015 REIR.
- 81. The Checklist does not identify specific performance standards to assure that the unspecified future "adaptive management" mitigation measures will successfully mitigate future sea level rise impacts to a level of insignificance. Further, because the future "adaptive management" measures remain undefined, it is impossible to determine what secondary impacts these measures may have, or their level of significance. For these reasons, the use of future adaptive management measures to mitigate future impacts from sea level rise is an improper deferral of mitigation, in violation of CEQA.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION – FAILURE TO CONDUCT A FAIR TRIAL (CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE § 1094.5(b))

- 82. PETITIONERS hereby reallege and incorporate by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 81 of this petition, inclusive.
- 83. RESPONDENTS, in conducting the administrative process for approval of the Project and the Checklist, improperly withheld from PETITIONERS, other public agencies, and the public several important documents, whose preparation had been requested by RESPONDENTS. These documents were, however, available to RESPONDENTS for their consideration during the administrative process, and RESPONDENTS relied on these documents in considering and approving the Project.

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	84. By requesting the preparation of these documents, receiving them, and relying on these
	documents in considering and granting approval of the Project and the Checklist, while
	withholding them from PETITIONERS, other public agencies, and the public, RESPONDENTS
	violated PETITIONERS', other public agencies', and the public's right to a fair trial and a fair
	hearing process for the Project and its Checklist.
	PRAYER FOR RELIEF
	WHEREFORE, PETITIONERS pray for relief as follows:
	1. For this Court's peremptory writ of mandate directing RESPONDENTS to set aside and
	vacate their approvals for the Project itself and its supporting Checklist;
	2. For this Court's peremptory writ of mandate directing RESPONDENTS to reopen and
	reconduct the administrative process for the Project and its Checklist to allow any interested
	party the opportunity to comment on the documents that RESPONDENTS improperly withheld.
	3. For this Court's peremptory writ of mandate directing RESPONDENTS to fully comply
	with the provisions of CEQA in taking any further actions to consider said Project;
	4. For this Court's temporary restraining order, preliminary and permanent injunctions
	restraining RESPONDENTS and SOBRATO, their agents, employees, servants, officers, assigns
	any those acting in concert with them from undertaking any construction activities, issuing any
	construction or development approvals or permits, or taking any other action in furtherance of or
	to implement the Project, pending full compliance with CEQA and this Court's orders.
	5. For an award of reasonable attorney's fees under Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5
	or as otherwise authorized by law;
	6. For costs of suit incurred herein; and
	7. For such other and further equitable or legal relief as the Court deems just and proper.
	Dated: December 15, 2019
	Stuart M Flashman LAW OFFICES OF STUART M. FLASHMAN
	Attorney for Petitioner Citizens Committee to Complete the Refuge
	John Buse Lisa Belenky CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY
	Attorneys for Petitioner Center for Biological Dive rsity

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If Carin High, ain Co-Chair of CCCR, which is one of the Petitionars in this section, and have been sufficiently by CCCR to make this verification on its behalf. There resid the foregoing Petition for Pareinptory Writ of Mandate (hereination, "Petition") and an familiar with the instant and alloged therein. The matters alleged in the Petition are true of my personal knowledge, except as to made matters as are alleged based on information and belief, and as to those matters, I am informed and belief and as to those matters, I am informed and belief at the matter penalty of perform and one in the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and annear and that this Varification was assectived on Light subject. Its, 2019 at Engaged California.

California.

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12-15-19;11:34PM;From:Law Offices of S. Flashman To:2675739 ;5106525373 # 28/ 39

Exhibit A

29/ 39

Stuart M. Flashman

5626 Ocean View Drive Oakland, CA 94618-1533 (510) 652-5373 (voice & FAX) e-mail: stu@stuflash.com

December 8, 2019

Sheila Harrington, City Clerk City of Newark 37101 Newark Boulevard Newark, CA 94560

RE: Notice of Intent to Initiate Legal Action.

Dear Ms. Harrington,

Please take notice that the Citizens' Committee to Complete the Refuge intends to initiate legal action against the City of Newark and the Newark City Council under the California Environmental Quality Act for their grant of approvals related to the Sanctuary West Residential Project, including their determination, based on a Compliance Checklist, that said project was exempt from any additional environmental review beyond the 2015 Final Recirculated Environmental Impact Report for the Newark Area 3 and Area 4 Specific Plan of the said project.

This notice is being sent pursuant to Public Resources Code §21167.5. Please have the City contact me immediately if it needs clarification or wishes to discuss this notice further.

Most sincerely,

Stuart M. Flashman

cc: Newark City Attorney

PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of Alameda County. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within above titled action. My business address is 5626 Ocean View Drive, Oakland, CA 94618-1533.

On December 8, 2019, I served the within NOTICE OF INTENT TO INITIATE LITIGATION on the party listed below by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with first class postage thereon fully prepaid, in a United States Postal Service mailbox at Oakland, California, addressed as follows:

Sheila Harrington, City Clerk City of Newark 37101 Newark Boulevard Newark, CA 94560

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I, Stuart M. Flashman, hereby declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed at Oakland, California on December 8, 2019.

Stuart M. Flashman



By First Class Mail and Email

;5106525373

December 13, 2019

Sheila Harrington, City Clerk City of Newark 37101 Newark Boulevard Newark, CA 94560

Email: Sheila.Harrington@newark.org

Re: Notice of Commencement of Action Under California Environmental Quality Act

Dear Ms. Harrington:

Please take notice that on or before December 16, 2019, the Center for Biological Diversity intends to commence an action under the California Environmental Quality Act against the City of Newark and City Council of the City of Newark for a writ of mandate to vacate and set aside the approvals regarding the Sanctuary West Residential Project, including the determination that the Project was exempt from additional environmental review based on the 2015 Recirculated Environmental Impact Report for the Newark Area 3 and Area 4 Specific Plan.

This notice is provided pursuant to Public Resources Code § 21167.5. Please have the City contact me immediately if it needs clarification or wishes to discuss this notice further.

Sincerely,

John Buse

Senior Attorney

Center for Biological Diversity

Cc: Newark City Attorney

12-15-19;11:35PM;From:Law Offices of S. Flashman To:2675739 ;5106525373 # 33/ 39

Exhibit B

1	LAW OFFICES OF STUART M. FLASHMAN	
2	Stuart M. Flashman (SBN 148396) 5626 Ocean View Dr.	
3	Oakland, CA 94618-1533 Telephone: (510) 652-5373 (voice & fax)	
4	Telephone: (510) 652-5373 (voice & fax)	
5	Attorney for Petitioner CITIZENS' COMMITTEE TO	
6	COMPLETE THE REFUGE	
7		
8	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY John Buse (SBN 163156)	
9	Lisa Belenky (SBN 203225)	
0	1212 Broadway, Suite 800 Oakland, CA 94612	
$_{1}$	Telephone: (510) 844-7100 Facsimile: (510) 844-7150	
2	Thuse Whiologicaldiversity.org Lbelenky Whiologicaldiversity.org	
3	, , ,	
4	Attorneys for Petitioner CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY	
5	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
6		UNTY OF ALAMEDA
7		
8	CITIZENS' COMMITTEE TO COMPLETE THE REFUGE, a California nonprofit	No.
9	corporation, and CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, a California	
0	nonprofit corporation,	NOTICE TO ATTORNEY GENERAL
$_{1}\mid$	Petitioners and Plaintiffs,	[Public Resources Code § 21167.7; CCP §388]
<u>,</u>	VS.	
;	CITY OF NEWARK, a municipal corporation; NEWARK CITY COUNCIL; and DOES 1-20 inclusive,	
	Respondents and Defendants	
	SOBRATO ORGANIZATION, LLC, a	(ACTION FILED UNDER CALIFORNIA
	California limited liability company; and DOES 21-40 inclusive,	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT)
	Real Parties In Interest	
	TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STA	ATE OF CALIFORNIA:
	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE under Public F	Resources Code §21167.7 and Code of Civil
	Procedure section 388 that, on December 16, 20	19, Petitioners and Plaintiffs CITIZENS
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	-: Notice to the At	I - TORNEY GENERAL
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12-15-19;11:35PM;From:Law Offices of S. Flashman To:2675739

COMMITTEE TO COMPLETE THE REFUGE and the CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL
DIVERSITY will be filing a petition for peremptory writ of mandate and complaint for
injunctive relief against Respondents and Defendants CITY OF NEWARK and NEWARK CITY
COUNCIL ("Respondents") in Alameda County Superior Court.

The petition alleges that Respondents violated provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) in granting approvals related to the Sanctuary West Residential Project and its associated Addendum to the 2015 Recirculated Programmatic/Project EIR/Compliance Checklist.

The Petition alleges that Respondents failed to prepare a supplemental or subsequent EIR when substantial evidence in the record indicated that: 1) the Project had substantially changed from the project analyzed in the 2015 REIR in ways that would result in significant new and/or significantly increased impacts, and specifically impacts on the endangered salt marsh harvest mouse; 2) circumstances surrounding the Project, notably the rate of sea level rise in the wetlands surrounding the Project, had substantially changed in ways that would have significant new and/or significantly increased impacts, and specifically impacts on the endangered salt marsh harvest mouse; 3) new, previously unavailable, information, and specifically substantial evidence indicating that the rate of sea level rise would increase dramatically in the future due to tipping points dramatically increasing the rate of climate change, and specifically of sea level rise, and this new information indicated that the Project would have significant new and/or significantly increased impacts, and specifically impacts on the endangered salt marsh harvest mouse as well as impacts on flooding risks and water quality.

In addition, the petition alleges that the Project approval violated CEQA by improperly deferring the identification of mitigation measures.

In addition, the petition alleges that the City's approval process violated the Petitioners', other public agencies', and the public's right to a fair trial by improperly withholding important project-related documents prepared at the request of Respondents.

A copy of the petition is enclosed herewith for your reference. Please feel free to contact Petitioners' counsel for further details.

Please provide a letter acknowledging receipt of this notice.

12-15-19;11:36	SPM;From:Law Offices of S. Flashman	To: 2675739	;5106525373	# 36/
1	DATE: December 15, 2019			
2			Stuart M. Flashman	
3			Law Offices of Stuart M	I. Flashman
4			Attorney for Petitioner	and Plaintiff
5			Citizens Committee to C Refuge	Complete the
6			John Buse	
7			Lisa Belenky	
8			Center for Biological Di	iversity
9			Attorneys for Petitioner Center for Biological Di	and Plaintiff
10			Center for Diological Di	rver arrà
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12		_	sy: Stewart & Fellin	\$ \$\land \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi
13		В	Sy: Stuart M. Flashman	
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	Notice 1	O THE ATTORNEY GE	ENERAL	
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PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of Alameda County. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within above titled action. My business address is 5626 Ocean View Drive, Oakland, CA 94618-1533.

On December 16, 2019, I served the within NOTICE OF FILING OF LEGAL ACTION, with an attached copy of the PETITION for PEREMPTORY WRIT OF MANDATE on the party listed below by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with first class postage thereon fully prepaid, in a United States Postal Service mailbox at Oakland, California, addressed as follows:

Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 70550 Oakland, CA 94612-0550

I, Stuart M. Flashman, hereby declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed at Oakland, California on December 16, 2019.

Stuart M. Flashman