1 2 3 4 5 6	LAW OFFICES OF ABIGAIL SMITH ABIGAIL A. SMITH SBN 228087 1455 Frazee Road, Suite 500 San Diego, CA 92108 Telephone: (951) 506-9925 Facsimile: (951) 506-9725 Email: abby@socalceqa.com Attorneys for Petitioner, Sierra Club	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SAN BERNARDINO DISTRICT FEB 2 2 2018 BY PAULA ROGERS, DEPUTY
7 8	SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO	
10		
11	SIERRA CLUB,	CASE NO.: CIVDS 1804385
12	Petitioner,	JUDGE:
13	vs.	DEPARTMENT: ACTION FILED:
14	CITY OF FONTANA, a public entity,	
15		VEDICIED DETENDANT DOD WOLF OF
16	Respondent,	VERIFIED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE
17	GLC FONTANA II LLC; and DOES 1 through 100 inclusive,	
18	unough foo inclusive,	(Code Civ. Proc. §§ 1094.5 and 1085; Cal
19	Real Parties In Interest.	Pub. Res. C. § 21000 et seq.; State CEQA Guidelines § 15000 et seq.)
20		(
21		CASE DESIGNATION: CEQA
22		
23	INTROI	MCTION
24	INTRODUCTION 1. This action challenges the approval by Respondent, City of Fontana ("City") on	
25), on	
26	or about January 23, 2018, of the Southwest Fontana Logistics Center project, including certification of a Final Environmental Impact Report (Resolution No.	
27	2018-004), General Plan Amendment No. 15-006 (Resolution No. 2018-005),	
28		1.0. 15 000 (1050) and 110. 2010-005),

-1-VERIFIED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE

- Zone Change No. 16-003 (Ordinance No. 1771), Specific Plan Amendment No. 16-002 (Ordinance No. 1772), Tentative Parcel Map No. 19711, Design Review Project No. 15-017 (Resolution No. 2018-006), Development Agreement No. 16-005 (Ordinance No. 1773), and all related land use approvals (collectively, "the Project").
- 2. The Southwest Fontana Logistics Center project concerns the development of two industrial warehouse buildings totaling approximately 1.6 million square feet on 73.3 acres of vacant and semi-improved land in the City of Fontana. The buildings will operate as high cube warehouse logistics centers, meaning that diesel trucks will bring cargo to the buildings for storage and sorting for transport on other trucks to destinations in and outside California. These operations will occur 24 hours per day, seven days per week. The Project's Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") anticipates that the Project will generate 5,938 daily vehicle trips including 2,319 diesel truck trips. The Project site is surrounded by existing residential uses—in fact, two single-family homes will be located within 15 feet of Project operations. In addition, a school Citrus High School is located to the immediate north of the site. Yet the admittedly adverse and significant impacts associated with the Project have not been adequately evaluated and/or mitigated in violation of the California Environmental Quality ("CEQA") (Public Resources Code § 21000 et seq.).
- 3. The City of Fontana's certification of the Final EIR for the Project must be vacated because the record lacks substantial evidence in support of the EIR's conclusions, and because the EIR fails to adequately describe or disclose relevant information. Also, the EIR concludes that the Project results in significant and unavoidable impacts but the City failed to adopt all feasible mitigation and adopted mitigation is ineffective to reduce significant impacts. Additionally, the City failed to evaluate a reasonable alternative to the proposed

Project and improperly rejected alternatives that would lessen or avoid some of the Project's harmful effects.

- 4. During the Project's administrative review process, interested parties notified the City that there was need for further analysis and mitigation due to the Project's adverse effects including that the City should consider additional mitigation measures for significant air quality and greenhouse gas emission impacts as well as alternatives to the proposed project. In spite of these reasoned comments in the record, the City approved the Project and certified the EIR.
- 5. By this verified petition, Petitioner alleges the following:

PARTIES

- 6. Petitioner, SIERRA CLUB, is a national environmental organization of 829,913 members, of which 182,402 members reside in California. The San Gorgonio Chapter of the Sierra Club encompasses San Bernardino County and has membership of 7,439 individuals. Sierra Club's goals include protecting California's lands, waters, air and wildlife. Local members of the San Gorgonio Chapter of the Sierra Club reside in the general vicinity of the Project site and are concerned with the Project's impacts to the local and regional environment. Sierra Club submitted comments opposing approval of the Project to the County.
- 7. Respondent, CITY OF FONTANA, is a political subdivision of the State of California. The City is a local governmental agency charged with the authority of regulating and administering local land use and development within its territory in compliance with the provisions of its general plan and zoning ordinances as well as applicable provisions of State law, including CEQA. The City is the lead agency for the Project and is therefore charged with the duty of ensuring compliance with applicable State and local laws.

- 8. Real Party in Interest, GLC FONTANA II LLC, is identified in the record as the applicant for the Project, has an ownership interest in the property, and/or claims an interest in the Project approvals at the subject of this lawsuit.
- 9. DOES 1 through 100 are individuals or entities that may have an ownership interest in the property, were project applicants, or claim an interest in the approvals at the subject of this lawsuit. Petitioner is unaware of the true names or capacities of the Real Parties in Interest identified herein under the fictitious names DOES 1 through 100 inclusive.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

The Project

- 10. The Southwest Fontana Logistics Center project is a proposal for the construction and operation of two industrial warehouse logistics buildings, totaling 1,628,936 square feet, on 73.3 vacant and semi-improved acres in the southern area of the City of Fontana.
- 11. The Project site is bounded by Santa Ana Avenue to the north, Jurupa Avenue to the south, and Cyprus Avenue to the east.
- 12. The Project will function as logistics facilities for warehousing, distribution, and goods-movement.
- 13. The Project's Building 1 will occupy the northern portion of the site along Santa Ana Avenue and consist of approximately 540,564 square feet of warehouse use and 20,000 square feet of office use. Building 2 will occupy the southern portion of the site and consist of approximately 1,048,372 square feet of warehouse use and 20,000 square feet of office use. Buildings 1 and 2 may be up to 60 feet in height per the Project's site plan.
- 14. The Project includes a tentative parcel map to consolidate 22 separate parcels into two separate parcels for the two proposed warehouse buildings. The Project's map excludes two, contiguous residential properties that are located at

the northwest corner of Jurupa and Cypress Avenue. These homes will be				
ocated within 15 feet of Project operations. The Project's Building 2 will				
operate 76 truck loading docks in immediate proximity to these existing				
residences.				

- 15. The Project site is otherwise surrounded by a residential community to the south; undeveloped land, a church and residential properties to the east; residential properties to the west, and a high school (Citrus High School) and low density residential uses to the north.
- 16. The Project's Building 1 will operate 39 truck loading docks in immediate proximity of the low density residential uses as well as Citrus High School, in particular the school's outdoor recreational/sports fields. Also, heavy duty trucks will access the Project site (Building 1) from Santa Ana Avenue, adjacent to these homes and the high school.
- 17. The Project includes a General Plan Amendment to amend the City of Fontana General Plan land use map from Residential Planning Community (R-PC) to General Industrial (I-G) and a Zoning Change from Residential Planned Community (R-PC) to Southwest Industrial Park Specific Plan (SWIP).
- 18. The Project purports to include a "future public (City) park" on a non-contiguous 17.45 site on the eastern side of Cypress Avenue. The EIR includes the park in the description of the proposed project and claims that the park is evaluated by the EIR on a "programmatic level".

CEQA Review and Project Approval

- 19. The City circulated a Notice of Preparation of Draft Environmental Impact Report pursuant to CEQA on September 23, 2016.
- 20. The Draft EIR was circulated for public comment on September 5, 2017.
- 21. The Project's Final EIR was completed on or about November 21, 2017.
- 22. On November 7, 2017, December 5, 2017, and December 19, 2017, the City

Planning Commission held public hearings on the Project. At the public hearing on December 19, 2017, the Planning Commission voted to approve the Project including a Resolution recommending approval of the Project including certification of the Final EIR to the City Council.

- 23. On January 23, 2018, the City Council held a public hearing on the Project and voted 3-1-1 to approve the Project including certification of the Final EIR, and adoption of a Statement of Overriding Considerations and CEQA Findings of Fact.
- 24. The Final EIR concludes that the Project will result in significant and unavoidable environmental impacts with respect to air quality, greenhouse gas emissions, noise and traffic.
- 25. Petitioner is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that the CEQA Notice of Determination was posted on January 24, 2018.
- 26. The City's approval of the Project will cause Petitioner irreparable injury for which Petitioner has no adequate remedy at law. Petitioner and its members will be irreparably harmed by the City's actions in approving the Project, among other things, the failure of the City in its certification of the EIR to adequately evaluate the potential impacts of the Project, and the City's approval of the Project without providing adequate and effective mitigation measures contrary to the requirements of State law.
- 27. The maintenance of this action is for the purpose of enforcing important public policies of the State of California with respect to the protection of the environment under CEQA and conformance with state law and local law. The maintenance and prosecution of this action will confer a substantial benefit upon the public by protecting the public from environmental and other harms alleged in this Petition. Petitioner is acting as a private attorney general to enforce these public policies and prevent such harm.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 28. This Court has jurisdiction to issue writs of mandate under Code of Civil Procedure Section 1094.5.
- 29. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Sections 393 and 394 as the Project is located in, and the relevant events occurred in, San Bernardino County.
- 30. Petitioner has performed all conditions precedent to filing the action by complying with the requirements of Public Resources Code § 21167.5, in notifying Respondent of the filing of this action (attached hereto as Exhibit "A"), and by complying with the requirements of Public Resources Code § 21167.6, in notifying Respondent of Petitioner's election to prepare the record of Respondent proceedings in connection with this action (attached hereto as Exhibit "B").

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

- 31. During the EIR's administrative review process, and at the public hearings on the Project, members of Petitioner commented orally and in writing that the Project would result in potentially significant impacts to/from including, but not limited to: air quality, energy, greenhouse gases, land use, noise, traffic and others. Members of Petitioner commented that the EIR was legally inadequate; that further mitigation was required; and that project alternatives were feasible.
- 32. As a result of these comments in the record, Petitioner exhausted its administrative remedies within the meaning of Cal. Public Resources Code § 21177.

CAUSE OF ACTION

(Writ of Mandate)
(All parties did not comply with the requirements of CEQA.)

- 33. Petitioner hereby realleges and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 32 above as though set forth in full herein.
- 34. The California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") (Public Resources Code § 21100 et seq.), enacted in 1971, requires government agencies to consider the environmental consequences of their actions before approving projects subject to CEQA's provisions.
- 35. The Environmental Impact Report ("EIR") is considered "the heart" of CEQA. To effectuate the Legislature's goals of environmental protection, CEQA provides that an adequate EIR must evaluate all potentially significant environmental impacts of a proposed project including both direct and indirect impacts as well as cumulative impacts. State CEQA Guidelines "Guidelines", § 15126, 15126.2 (a), 15130.
- 36. An EIR must also accurately describe the project it analyzes. Guidelines § 15124. An inaccurate or incomplete project description undermines CEQA's purposes, particularly where it minimizes the project's environmental impacts. "An accurate, stable, and finite project description is the *sine qua non* of an informative and legally sufficient EIR." *County of Inyo v. City of Los Angeles* (1977) 71 Cal.App.3d 185, 192-93.
- 37. CEQA further establishes a substantive mandate on the part of the lead agency to mitigate the significant environmental impacts of a project. Public Resources Code §§ 21002, 21002.1; Guidelines, § 15021 (a). A lead agency may not approve a project for which there are significant environmental impacts unless the agency makes findings that: (a) mitigation measures have been required of the project which avoid or substantially lessen the significant environmental impacts, or (b) mitigation measures are found to be infeasible based on substantial evidence. Public Resources Code §§ 21081, 21081.5; Guidelines, §§ 15091 (a)(b), 15092 (b).

- 38. CEQA additionally provides that adopted mitigation measures must be certain and enforceable. Public Resources Code § 21081.6(b); Guidelines, § 15126.6(a)(2). The lead agency must ensure that mitigation measures are required by or incorporated into the project to ensure that the measures are actually carried out. Public Resources Code § 21081.6 (a), (b).
- 39. CEQA's finally mandates that the lead agency evaluate alternatives to the proposed project, or the location of the project, which would attain most of the basic objectives of the project but would avoid or substantially lessen any of the project's significant environmental effects. Guidelines § 15126.6 (a). The lead agency has a duty to adopt a project alternative if it is feasible. Public Resources Code § 21002. A lead agency may not reject an alternative unless the agency makes findings supported by substantial evidence showing that the alternative is infeasible. Public Resources Code §§ 21081, 21081.5; Guidelines §§ 15091 (a) (3), 15092.
- 40. Petitioner and others commented that the EIR's Project Description was inadequate as a matter of law because the EIR describes the Project as including a 17.45-acre park, when a park is not actually a component of the proposed Project. The City Council Staff Report acknowledges that "no specific improvements for facilities are proposed for the park at this time," and the "application does not include the development or layout of the park." Moreover, the Project Description is confusing where the EIR purports to evaluate the proposed Project on a project-level basis and the park on a "programmatic" basis.
- 41. Petitioner and others commented that the EIR failed to adequately evaluate impacts to/from including, but not limited to, air quality, energy, greenhouse gas emissions, land use, noise, and traffic. By way of example, Petitioner and others commented that:

- a) The EIR's analysis of the Project's energy impacts is inadequate in terms of State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix F. The City failed to require sufficient analysis of the Project's energy consumption, transportation energy impacts, and to demonstrate that the Project is taking steps to reduce dependency on fossil fuels. For instance, the City failed to evaluate or demonstrate how the Project "increases reliance on renewable energy sources." Moreover, the City failed to adopt feasible mitigation measures relative to energy impacts such as requiring that the Project utilize *any* solar energy.
- b) Contrary to the EIR's conclusions, there are significant land use impacts due to the Project's conflicts with the City's General Plan including policies relative to noise protections for residential uses and energy conservation.
- c) The EIR concludes that noise impacts during construction and operational phases are less than significant, but this is not demonstrated based on substantial evidence in the record. For instance, the EIR's noise analysis indicates that construction noise levels are well above ambient conditions at the nearest homes to the Project site; accordingly, the Project results in "a substantial temporary increase in ambient noise conditions," *i.e.*, the Project exceeds an adopted threshold of significance.
- 42. Petitioner and others commented that not all feasible mitigation was required of this Project, and Petitioner and others proposed feasible mitigation that has not been shown to be infeasible based on substantial evidence in the record.
 - a) For instance, Petitioner proposed mitigation with respect to the Project's significant air quality (NO_x) impacts, such as requiring that the Project incorporate the phase-in of electric, hybrid electric, hydrogen electric, or battery operated (*i.e.*, non diesel) trucks. In addition, Petitioner

repeatedly urged the City to require that the Project be conditioned such that only 2010 model year trucks have permission to access the Project site. The City declined to adopt these and other feasible mitigation measures to address significant air quality as well as greenhouse gas emission impacts, and the City failed to make findings supported by substantial evidence that the measures are infeasible.

- b) Also for instance, Petitioner commented that the Project should be limited to the assumptions of the air quality study in terms of truck trips (number and trip length) in order to ensure that significant impacts (NO_x) are not more severe than assumed by the EIR. Again the City declined to adopt feasible mitigation to address significant impacts, and the City failed to make findings supported by substantial evidence that the measure is infeasible.
- c) Again for instance, Petitioner commented that the Project shall be required to install solar panels sufficient to achieve "net zero", *i.e.*, handle the peak energy demands of the Project, or at a minimum require that the Project construct and utilize solar energy infrastructure for some reasonable portion of the Project's energy needs. The City declined to adopt feasible mitigation to address significant impacts, and the City failed to make findings supported by substantial evidence that the measure is infeasible.
- 43. Petitioner and others commented that proposed mitigation measures were uncertain, unenforceable, ineffective and/or deferred in violation of CEQA. By way of example, Petitioner commented that the mitigation measure stating that the Project "shall encourage all fleet vehicles to conform to 2010 air quality standards or better" is inadequate. As written, this measure is entirely

permissive in violation of CEQA's requirement that mitigation measures shall be fully enforceable.

- 44. Petitioner and others commented that the EIR fails to adequately consider alternatives to the proposed project, consistent with the mandate of Guidelines § 15126.6 (a). By way of example, the EIR discusses a development option—"Option A"— which would develop an optional site plan with 1,272,150 square feet in a single warehouse building with a 17.35-acre park just north of the warehouse development. Option A would substantially reduce the Project's adverse environmental effects in particular relative to the residential and school uses to the north of the Project site. Also, it is known that Option A would result in 22% fewer vehicle trips than the proposed Project. Yet the EIR does not evaluate Option A as an *alternative* to the proposed project in violation of CEQA. Furthermore, the City did not make findings that Option A is infeasible based on substantial evidence in the record, contrary to CEQA.
- 45. For these reasons, the City violated CEQA and the Project approvals must be set aside. Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1085, 1094.5; Public Resources Code § 21168.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Petitioner prays the following relief on all causes of action:

- a) For the Court's peremptory writ of mandate requiring Respondent, City of Fontana, to set aside its decision certifying the EIR for the Project.
- b) For the Court's peremptory writ of mandate requiring Respondent, City of Fontana, to set aside all Project approvals.
- c) For such other and further relief, including preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, in the event that a Real Parties in Interest, or their agents or instrumentalities, intend to commence construction on the site while this lawsuit is pending.
- d) For such other relief as may be just and proper.

1	e) For the costs of this suit, including attorney's fees, pursuant to Code of		
2	Civil Procedure § 1021.5.		
3	DATED: February 22, 2018 Resp	ectfully submitted,	
4		OFFICES OF ABIGAIL SMITH	
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6	D	atrial Smith	
7	By: _ Abig:	ail A. Smith	
8	Attor	neys for Petitioner	
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VERIFICATION

I, the undersigned, certify and declare that I have read the foregoing Petition for Writ of Mandate and know its contents. The statement following the box checked is applicable.

I am () a member, (X) an officer of Sierra Clus San Courconic Chapter a party to this action, and I am authorized to make this verification for and on its behalf, and I make this verification for that reason. The matters stated in the document described above are true of my own knowledge and belief except as to those matters stated on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: February 21, 2018

MARY ANN RUIZ

VERIFICATION

EXHIBIT "A"

EXHIBIT "A"

Law Offices of Abigail Smith

1455 Frazce Road, Suite 500, San Diego, CA 92108

Abigail A. Smith, Esq. Email: abby@socalceqa.com Telephone: (951) 506-9925 Facsimile: (951) 506-9975

VIA U.S. MAIL

February 21, 2018

Karen Porlas, City Clerk City of Fontana 8353 Sierra Avenue Fontana, CA 92335

> Re: Notice of Intent to File CEQA Petition in the Matter of the Approval of the Environmental Impact Report for the Southwest Fontana Logistics Center Project and all related approvals

To the City of Fontana:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, under Public Resources Code section 21167.5, that this letter serves as written notice of the intent of Petitioner, SIERRA CLUB, to file a Petition for Writ of Mandate under the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") against Respondent, CITY OF FONTANA, challenging the City's approval of the Southwest Fontana Logistics Center Project including Environmental Impact Report (SCH No. 2016091057) and all related land use approvals (General Plan Amendment No. 15-006 etc.)

Sincerely,

Abigail Smith, Esq.

EXHIBIT "B"

EXHIBIT "B"